

A. Blaznik, J. Dolenshek, A. Tomec: REALNA ŠTEVILA. LINEARNA FUNKCIJA
Poglavje V: LINEARNA FUNKCIJA, ENAČBA IN NEENAČBA
LINEARNA ENAČBA,

Str. 59, naloga 69: Reši enačbe:

a) $0,3x = 3$

b) $1 = 0,2x$

c) $\frac{1}{2}x + 4 = 0$

č) $3(x + 2) = 6$

d) $\frac{1}{2}x + 0,5x - 3 = 0$

e) $0,75x = 2 - \frac{1}{4}x$

f) $2(x - 1) = 2$

g) $15 = 2x + 1$

h) $\frac{1}{x} - \frac{2}{3} = 0$

i) $1 - x = 1 - \frac{2}{3}$

j) $\frac{1}{7}x = 6\frac{1}{7}$

k) $(x - 1)^2 = x^2$

Razlaga:

To so **linearne enačbe**.

Linearni funkciji $f(x) = kx + n$ priredim enačbo **$kx + n = 0$**

Izrazim x , ki je tudi ničla funkcije $f(x) = kx + n$

$$kx = -n$$

Obravnavam po k :

$$k = 0$$

$$k \neq 0$$

$$0 = -n$$

Enačbo $kx = -n$ lahko delim s k in dobim

ni rešitev, razen če je $n = 0$,

$$\text{rešitev } x = -\frac{n}{k}.$$

ko imamo neskončno rešitev.

Naredim povzetek:

Množica rešitev \mathcal{R} enačbe $kx + n = 0$ je:

$$\mathcal{R} = \begin{cases} x = -\frac{n}{k}; k \neq 0 \\ \infty \text{ rešitev; } (k = 0) \text{ in } (n = 0) \\ \text{ni rešitve; } (k = 0) \text{ in } (n \neq 0) \end{cases}$$

Rešitev:

a) $0,3x = 3$ /:10 $3x = 30$ /:3 $x = 10$ $\mathfrak{R} = \{10\}$	b) $1 = 0,2x$ /:10 $10 = 2x$ /:2 $x = 5$ $\mathfrak{R} = \{5\}$	c) $\frac{1}{2}x + 4 = 0$ /:2 $x + 8 = 0$ $x = -8$ $\mathfrak{R} = \{-8\}$
č) $3(x + 2) = 6$ $3x + 6 = 6$ $3x = 0$ /:3 $x = 0$ $\mathfrak{R} = \{0\}$	d) $\frac{1}{2}x + 0,5x - 3 = 0$ /:2 $x + 1x - 6 = 0$ $2x - 6 = 0$ $2x = 6$ /:2 $x = 3$ $\mathfrak{R} = \{3\}$	e) $0,75x = 2 - \frac{1}{4}x$ /:4 $3,00x = 8 - x$ $3x + x = 8$ $4x = 8$ /:4 $x = 2$ $\mathfrak{R} = \{2\}$
f) $2(x - 1) = 2$ $2x - 2 = 2$ $2x = 4$ /:2 $x = 2$ $\mathfrak{R} = \{2\}$	g) $15 = 2x + 1$ $14 = 2x$ $2x = 14$ /:2 $x = 7$ $\mathfrak{R} = \{7\}$	h) $\frac{1}{x} - \frac{2}{3} = 0$ /:3x $x \neq 0$ (RACIONALNA ENAČBA) $3 - 2x = 0$ $-2x = -3$ /:(-1) $2x = 3$ /:2 $x = \frac{3}{2}$ $\mathfrak{R} = \left\{ \frac{3}{2} \right\}$

i) $1 - x = 1 - \frac{2}{3} / :3$

$$3 - 3x = 3 - 2$$

$$3 - 3x = 1$$

$$-3x = 1 - 3$$

$$-3x = -2 / (-1)$$

$$3x = 2 / (-1)$$

$$3x = 2 / :3$$

$$\underline{x = \frac{2}{3}}$$

$$\mathfrak{R} = \left\{ \frac{2}{3} \right\}$$

j) $\frac{1}{7}x = 6\frac{1}{7}$

$$\frac{1}{7}x = \frac{43}{7} / \cdot 7$$

$$\underline{x = 43}$$

$$\mathfrak{R} = \{43\}$$

Opomba:

Tu je treba ločiti

$$6\frac{1}{7} \text{ in } 6.\frac{1}{7}$$

$$6\frac{1}{7} = \frac{43}{7}$$

$$6.\frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{1} \cdot \frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{7}$$

k) $(x-1)^2 = x^2$

$$x^2 - 2x + 1 = x^2$$

$$-2x + 1 = 0$$

$$-2x = -1 / (-1)$$

$$2x = 1 / :2$$

$$\underline{x = \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\mathfrak{R} = \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \right\}$$